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Agenda item 15 (i)

DEVELOPMENT AND INTERNATIONAL ECONOMIC COOPERATION:
DESERTIFICATION AND DROUGHT

Combating aridity, soil erosion, salinity, waterlogging, desertification and the effects of drought in South Asia

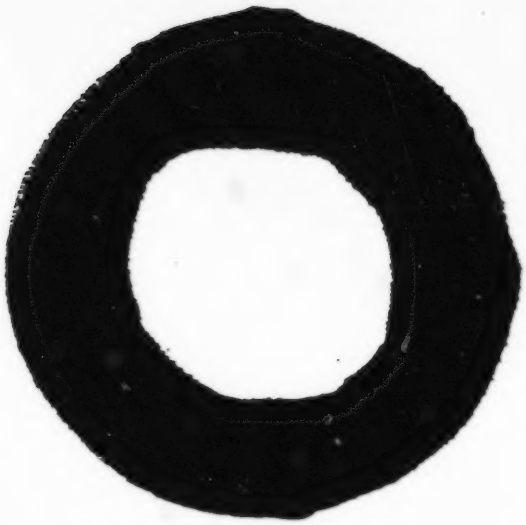
Report of the Secretary-General

Corrigendum

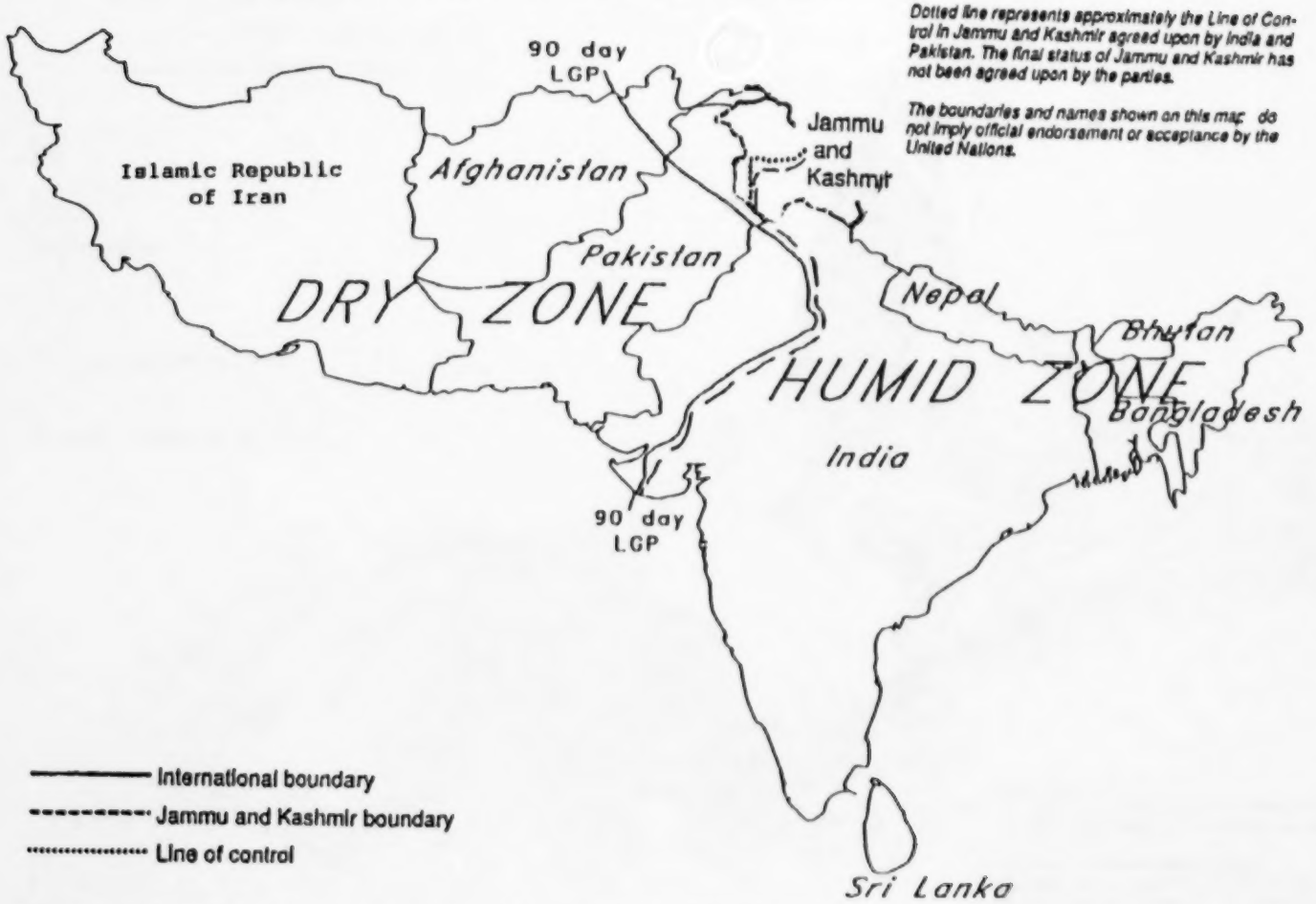
Annex II

Replace the maps in the annex by the attached.

GE.93-70532 (E)



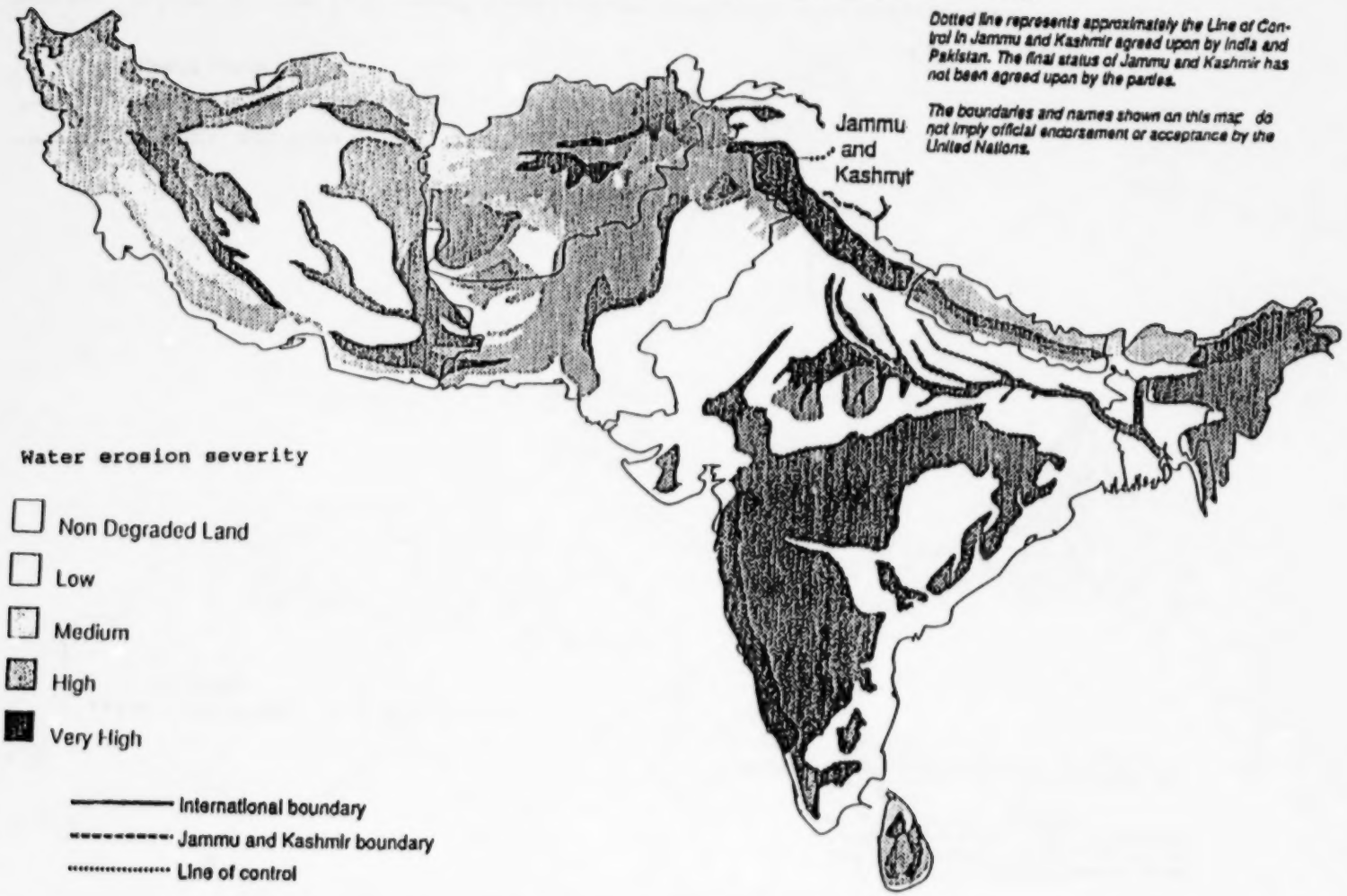
Map 1. The South Asia region, by country and humidity zone


90 day LGP
Islamic Republic of Iran
Afghanistan
Pakistan
Jammu and Kashmir
DRY ZONE
HUMID ZONE
Nepal
Bhutan
Bangladesh
India
90 day LGP
Sri Lanka
Dotted line represents approximately the Line of Control in Jammu and Kashmir agreed upon by India and Pakistan. The final status of Jammu and Kashmir has not been agreed upon by the parties.
The boundaries and names shown on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.
International boundary
Jammu and Kashmir boundary
Line of control

Source: United Nations Environment Programme/International Soil Reference and Information Centre.

Note: 90-day LGP = 90-day length of growing period.

Map 2. Severity of water erosion (GLASOD estimate)


Dotted line represents approximately the Line of Control in Jammu and Kashmir agreed upon by India and Pakistan. The final status of Jammu and Kashmir has not been agreed upon by the parties.
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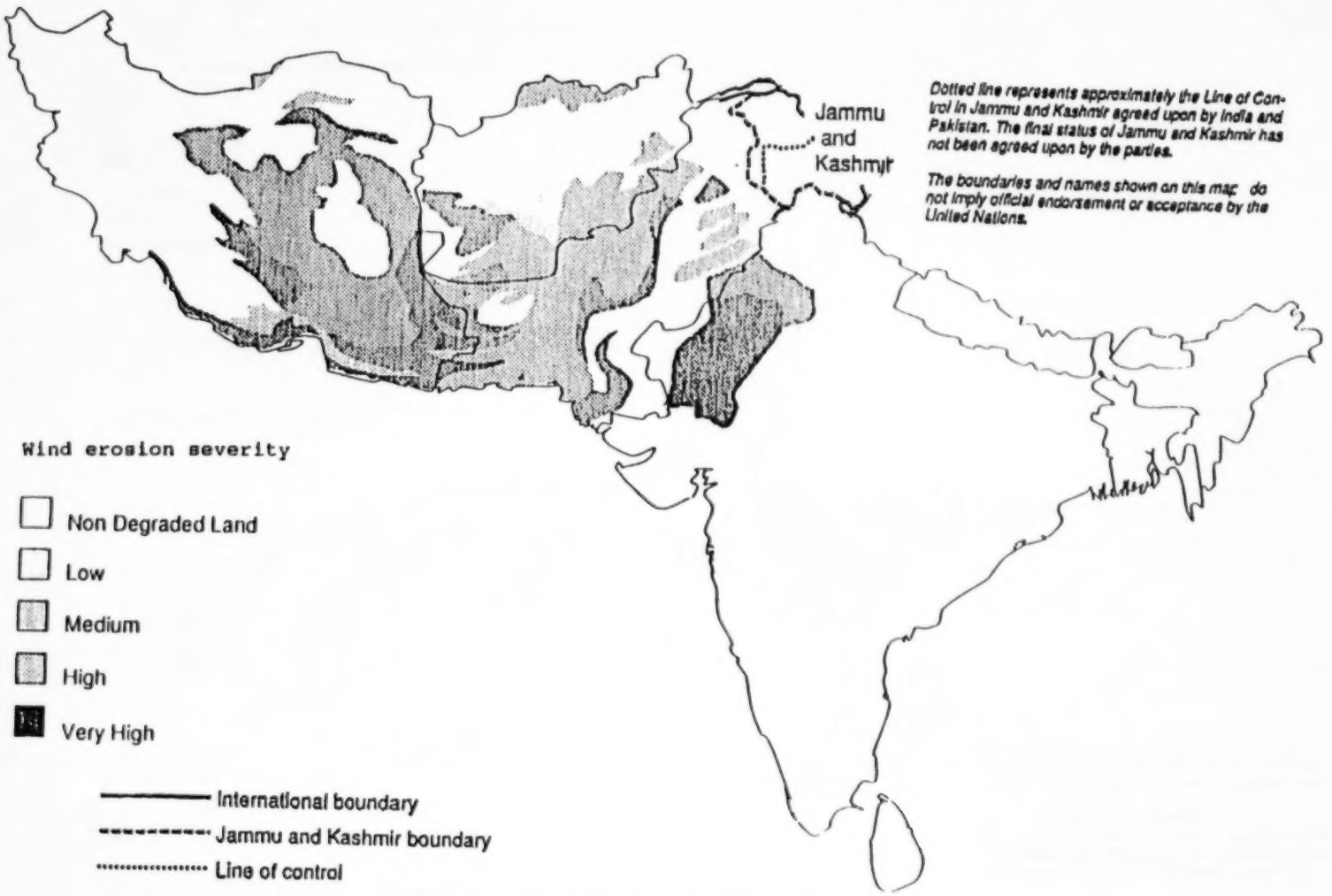
Jammu and Kashmir
Water erosion severity
Non Degraded Land
Low
Medium
High
Very High
International boundary
Jammu and Kashmir boundary
Line of control

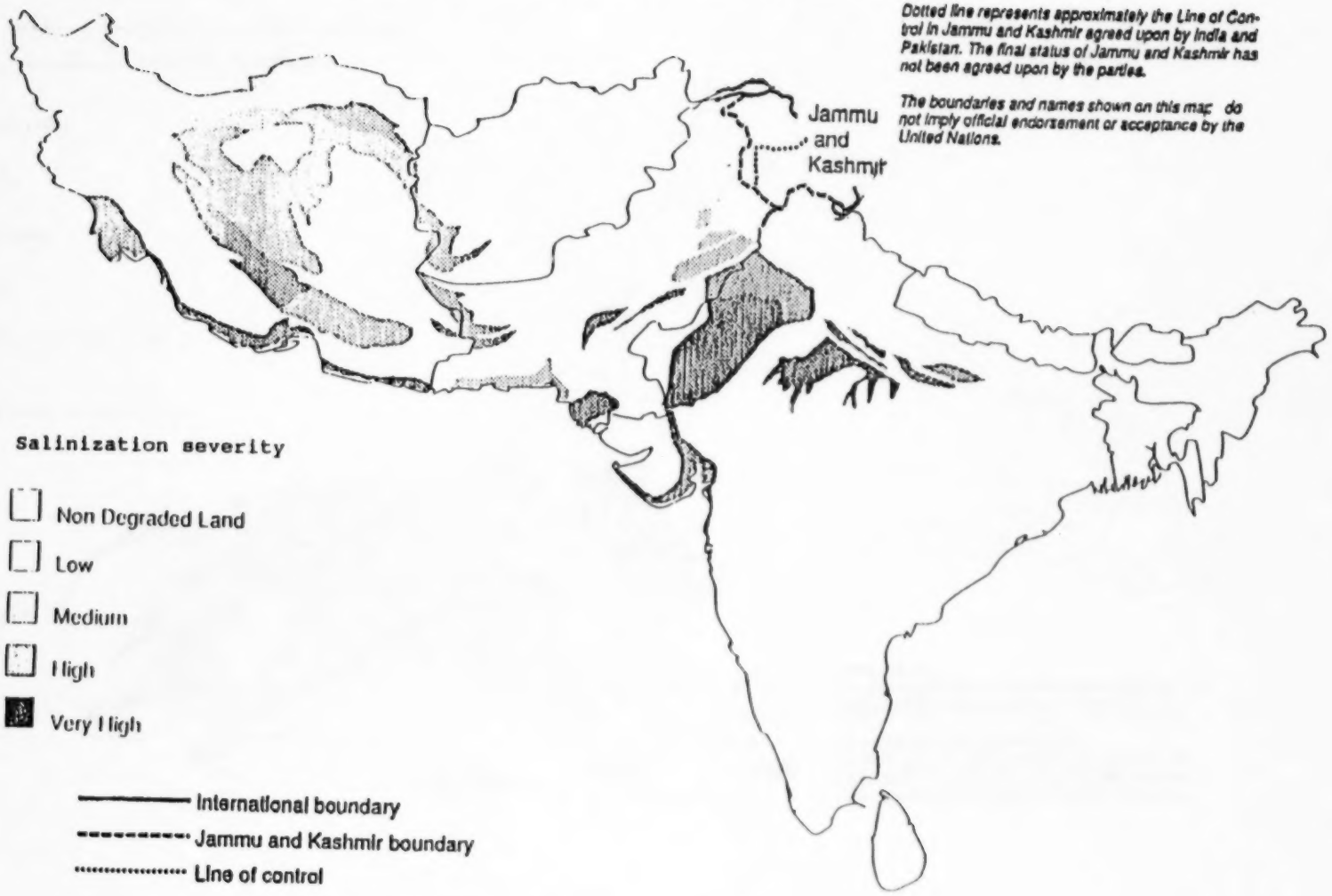
Source: United Nations Environment Programme/International Soil Reference and Information Centre.

Map 3. Severity of wind erosion (GLASOD estimate)


Jammu
and
Kashmir
Dotted line represents approximately the Line of Control in Jammu and Kashmir agreed upon by India and Pakistan. The final status of Jammu and Kashmir has not been agreed upon by the parties.
The boundaries and names shown on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.
Wind erosion severity
Non Degraded Land
Low
Medium
High
Very High
International boundary
Jammu and Kashmir boundary
Line of control

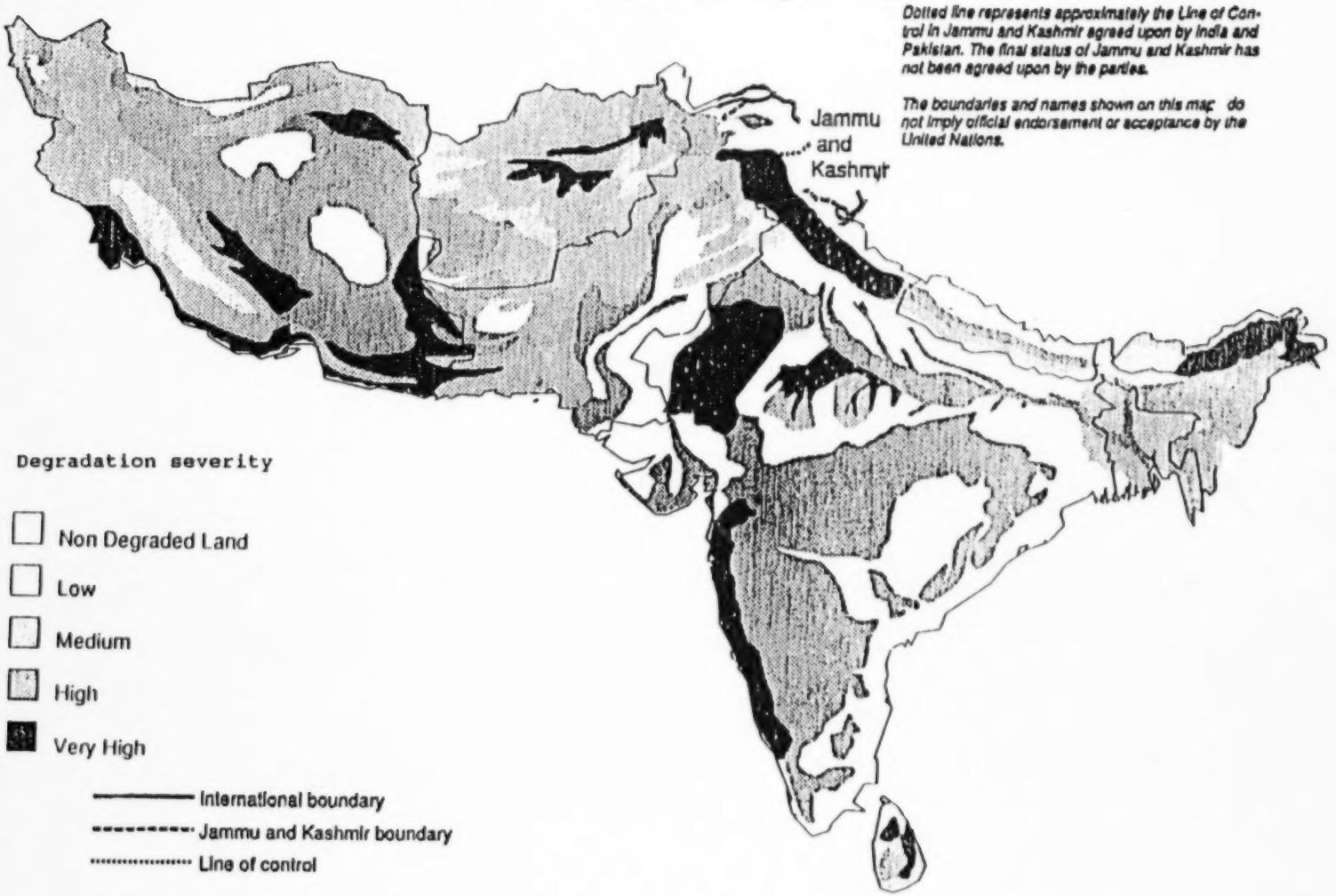
Source: United Nations Environment Programme/International Soil Reference and Information Centre.

Map 4. Severity of salinization (GLASOD estimate)


Dotted line represents approximately the Line of Control in Jammu and Kashmir agreed upon by India and Pakistan. The final status of Jammu and Kashmir has not been agreed upon by the parties.
The boundaries and names shown on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.
Jammu and Kashmir
Salinization severity
Non Degraded Land
Low
Medium
High
Very High
International boundary
Jammu and Kashmir boundary
Line of control

Source: United Nations Environment Programme/International Soil Reference and Information Centre.

Map 5. Severity of land degradation


Dotted line represents approximately the Line of Control in Jammu and Kashmir agreed upon by India and Pakistan. The final status of Jammu and Kashmir has not been agreed upon by the parties.
The boundaries and names shown on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.
Jammu and Kashmir
Degradation severity
Non Degraded Land
Low
Medium
High
Very High
International boundary
Jammu and Kashmir boundary
Line of control

Source: United Nations Environment Programme/International Soil Reference and Information Centre.